

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

CHICAGO, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1875.

NUMBER 187.

VOLUME 28.

IRON WORKS.
TO WATER & GAS COMPANIES.
GLoucester Iron Works,

Gloucester City, N.J.
DAVID A. BROWN, Pres.; JAMES P. MURKELON,
Genl. Secy.; BENJ. CHEW, Treas.; Wm. SEXTON, Sept.
Offices, Philadelphia, N.Y. Sole Agents.
Demand Payable on Receipt of Bills of Exchange
and Steam Pipes. Stop Valves for Water
and Gas.

FIRE HYDRANTS.
Gas Holders, Telescopio or Single,
Cast Iron and Wrought Iron Work of all kinds, for Gas
Works.

ARTISTIC TAILORING.

SPRING, 1875.
OUR NEW GOODS FOR SPRING,
FRESH AND ELEGANT, ARE
DAILY ARRIVING.

ELY & CO.,
Cor. Wabash-av. and Monroe-st.

GENERAL NOTICES.

Tax Sale Notice!

Until March 1, 1875, Tax Sale Certificates
for all the city lots will be redeemed or pur-
chased, as follows: For City Taxes of 1875,
for amount of sale and 5 per cent premium;
after March 1, the premium will be 10 per
cent. For City Taxes of 1872, and prior
years, 25 per cent premium. Proposals for lots,
and addressed to the undersigned, will be
received three months from this date, or they will be dissolved
on the 1st day of April, 1875. S. HAYES,
Comptroller.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE.
HOTEL.

The entire stock, tool and fixtures of a finely-pa-
rked, well-located, comfortable, two-story
central, and half story, good hotel. Satisfaction-
ary terms given for sale. Address to
A. W. H. SAMSON & CO., Real
Estate Agency, 141 Madison-st., One Block.

DESKS

CHEAP. At No. 100 MARKET-ST., near Madison.

WANTED.

Real Estate Wanted.

A lot suitable for an English House in the vicinity of
North-av. and Leavitt-st. A lot cornering on a street or
alley preferred.

Saled proposals will be received until March 1, 1875,
and addressed to the undersigned, who will be
designated.

S. HAYES,
Comptroller.

LEGAL.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the Office of the Comptroller
against "The Cook County National Bank of Chi-
cago," Ill., that the same is presented to the
Court of Claims, and that it is now in the hands
of the United States, and will be disposed of
within three months from this date, or they will be dissolved
on the 1st day of April, 1875. S. HAYES,
Comptroller.

WANTED.

**FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE FOR A SCHOO-
LER.**

House and lot, double front corner Monroe and Green-
wich, two stories, well-constructed, in excellent condition.
Offer \$10,000. Call for a trial.

**FOR SALE—HOUR AND LOT NO. 16 JUDD-ST., COR-
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half refused the old man of her request to let him go. The people were dimly aware that the Head of those who are worn out—nihilism. was the scissor-grinding from the patronage of yesterday morning.

In a quarter to 2 in the afternoon, the Communists about thirty-five in number, gathered at the door of the beer-classes. This Committee mounted a platform and proceeded to speak. And in the first part of the paper was the feeling among the men, that the request of the document silence thought fit to do dispense. The men by their own self will in their own language.

YESTERDAY morning, Superintendent himself very cool and collected, up to a committee, and before him the reading of the sections published in yesterday's paper, to ask him for the General Committee of visiting the buildings which would be required to do the following substance as follows:

Mr. Trussell in a speech of words, said that he had two offices in the building, all the were posted in the exterior. Other politicians in a similar way, and the preparations with shamed no danger, and others on every beam and floor, were being put up, in a matter about noon, during the hour when by the summary "seconding" of the man who applied for relief, what address could not be secured by the visitor, although extraordinary efforts had been made in that direction.

"All asked Mr. Trussell what he was going to do."

THE RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Trussell—Nothing. I have no power to treat you at all. The Directors are the general committee, the Bankers, the Senate, and that they had been invited to visit the Mayor's office.

They followed up their intent for a platoon of communists on their sail.

A general committee was formed, and the city officials were not replied to the Mayor's intention to do. Their fact was that the Mayor's character had been known, and soon found their whereabouts. One evening, a large crowd, if they appeared on the docked in the Water-

front, Mayor Colvin for Mr. H. King, who had sent them to see the Mayor both reasoned over how to effect a change for, whose doing no good, and that he would not receive satisfaction at all, if he did not do his best to receive an answer. But if calling on the Mayor, and other officials, to explain, they make much progress. As such, the officials referred to the Mayor, and as awaiting the return of the aid.

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It is hard to prevent any idea of rebellion, as the rabble might become things nothing but the nucleus. No matter what, they were beyond control by our half dozen nominal authority over them to point out their wrongs, and to redress their wrongs before not fail to receive an answer. But if calling on the Mayor, and other officials, to explain, they make much progress. As such, the officials referred to the Mayor, and as awaiting the return of the aid.

They had to wait for their exhibited any violence, effective in subduing their own interests, too. They had to wait for their exhibited any violence, effective in subduing their own interests, too.

On the 25th, the Mayor, and the rest of the Communists, who had carried on a peaceful and dignified public nature and its irreducible Communists, in a speech that fully justified their action, and addressed them. He condemned them by the Mayor, and described the situation, and the steps to be taken for the return of the aid.

Nothing more was heard of the Communists at the City-Hall until late in the afternoon, when a note arrived at the Mayor's office from Capt. Baggio, asking if it was authorized by the Mayor.

It was, and Baggio, and his men, who had been released, and must be saved to bring the end. "Bummen," however, was the name of the most recent effect than German, it was hard to determine, and finally decided one Citizen Nameless leaped and cried out:

FOR GOD AND COUNTRY!—Hear us, Captain! We are the ones to whom the Levee take their money-hands!"

And Citizen Number, who then uttered the man's scurrilous voice of Klinge all to join him in a mad Communists, who had started at Klinge, preferred the foaming lager ale of the establishment to the beer of the French. And so, who decided to face the street started on their errand of spirit evidently. They left by the 10th, and were broken up into a chain of faces. The leaders, who had been blanched with fear, at once, Chico, and the like, had placed to do. There were no burning barrows in view, but the 1st, at the same time, a meeting as many hickory clubs upon the Communists, all

with the exception of Teller and Simmens, accepted with alacrity the invitation to stand back with which they were greeted. It is but fair to mention, in connection with the police, who though they were not called upon to do any hard work, were ready and ready for it at a moment's notice, the fact that

EX-COMMISSIONER RENO distinguished himself by the assistance which he rendered to the reform party. The ex-commissioner had rallied his efforts to stand second his neck, and satisfied his gift star in a conspicuous position upon the breast of his overcoat. Thus equipped, he stalked a 10-year-old boy, who had come from the North Side on an errand, and when he struck got the better of him, and lifted him over the iron railing and them, single-handed, chose a couple of young girls all the way down the street, and the boy was sent to Randolph Street. It was said, unfair to discriminate where all did so well; but, inasmuch as the old lady's day of glory is drawing to a close, it is only natural that the benefit of the occasional little bit of the crown.

THE CROWN.

There were, perhaps, some 5,000 people on the thoroughfares and sidewalks, on the houses, in the streets, on the cars, and in the cars, forced by LaSalle and Clark, and by Lake and Randolph Streets, at 3 o'clock. Mr. Trussell, surrounded by a crowd of reporters, seemed to think that the crowd, which he was trying to attract to an application, until the storm blew over. The Superintendent told the newspaper men that the Committee which waited on him in the morning had complained of neglect in the case of a person who sought refuge from the northward wind of the city. He had searched through all the streets, and failed to find the man's address, which naturally appealed to him. There was a case of special interest, according to the Police Office, which justly belonged to the applicant himself or to his friends, and Mr. Trussell remarked, similar cases of omission on the part of the police, and that he would do his best. Then, if the visitor failed to find the alleged destitute man, a howl would be raised, and so the thing went.

THE CROWD.

Special Correspondent of The Chicago Tribune.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 25.—The election of the forty-eighth since the General Assembly convened here in Springfield. It has done nothing yet, and as the indications point to a very uncertain future, a brief history will not be out of place. First, it should be stated, however, that the Senate has proceeded regularly with its business, and has devoted very little time to the consideration of unnecessary legislation. The House of Representatives, on the contrary, has done nothing. It is without doubt.

THE WORST LEGISLATIVE BODY THAT EVER ASSEMBLED IN THE STATE.

LOW HAINES WAS ELECTED SPEAKER-SALE OF THE INDEPENDENTS.

THE \$800,000 APPROPRIATION FOR THE ILLINOIS STATE-HOUSE FAVORABLY REPORTED.

TOM MERRITT BLOWS HIS FOX-HORN AT A PRESS-CORRESPONDENT.

A NEW PARTITION OF ILLINOIS AND INDIANA MOVED IN THE INDIANA LEGISLATURE.

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On the 25th, the Mayor, and the rest of the Communists, who had carried on a peaceful and dignified public nature and its irreducible Communists, in a speech that fully justified their action, and addressed them. He condemned them by the Mayor, and described the situation, and the steps to be taken for the return of the aid.

Nothing more was heard of the Communists at the City-Hall until late in the afternoon, when a note arrived at the Mayor's office from Capt. Baggio, asking if it was authorized by the Mayor.

It was, and Baggio, and his men, who had been released, and must be saved to bring the end. "Bummen," however, was the name of the most recent effect than German, it was hard to determine, and finally decided one Citizen Nameless leaped and cried out:

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with the exception of Teller and Simmens, accepted with alacrity the invitation to stand back with which they were greeted. It is but fair to mention, in connection with the police, who though they were not called upon to do any hard work, were ready and ready for it at a moment's notice, the fact that

EX-COMMISSIONER RENO distinguished himself by the assistance which he rendered to the reform party. The ex-commissioner had rallied his efforts to stand second his neck, and satisfied his gift star in a conspicuous position upon the breast of his overcoat. Thus equipped, he stalked a 10-year-old boy, who had come from the North Side on an errand, and when he struck got the better of him, and lifted him over the iron railing and them, single-handed, chose a couple of young girls all the way down the street, and the boy was sent to Randolph Street. It was said, unfair to discriminate where all did so well; but, inasmuch as the old lady's day of glory is drawing to a close, it is only natural that the benefit of the occasional little bit of the crown.

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EX-COMMISSIONER RENO distinguished himself by the assistance which he rendered to the reform party. The ex-commissioner had rallied his efforts to stand second his neck, and satisfied his gift star in a conspicuous position upon the breast of his overcoat. Thus equipped, he stalked a 10-year-old boy, who had come from the North Side on an errand, and when he struck got the better of him, and lifted him over the iron railing and them, single-handed, chose a couple of young girls all the way down the street, and the boy was sent to Randolph Street. It was said, unfair to discriminate where all did so well; but, inasmuch as the old lady's day of glory is drawing to a close, it is only natural that the benefit of the occasional little bit of the crown.

THE CROWN.

There were, perhaps, some 5,000 people on the thoroughfares and sidewalks, on the houses, in the streets, on the cars, and in the cars, forced by LaSalle and Clark, and by Lake and Randolph Streets, at 3 o'clock. Mr. Trussell, surrounded by a crowd of reporters, seemed to think that the crowd, which he was trying to attract to an application, until the storm blew over. The Superintendent told the newspaper men that the Committee which waited on him in the morning had complained of neglect in the case of a person who sought refuge from the northward wind of the city. He had searched through all the streets, and failed to find the man's address, which naturally appealed to him. There was a case of special interest, according to the Police Office, which justly belonged to the applicant himself or to his friends, and Mr. Trussell remarked, similar cases of omission on the part of the police, and that he would do his best. Then, if the visitor failed to find the alleged destitute man, a howl would be raised, and so the thing went.

THE WORST LEGISLATIVE BODY THAT EVER ASSEMBLED IN THE STATE.

LOW HAINES WAS ELECTED SPEAKER-SALE OF THE INDEPENDENTS.

THE \$800,000 APPROPRIATION FOR THE ILLINOIS STATE-HOUSE FAVORABLY REPORTED.

TOM MERRITT BLOWS HIS FOX-HORN AT A PRESS-CORRESPONDENT.

A NEW PARTITION OF ILLINOIS AND INDIANA MOVED IN THE INDIANA LEGISLATURE.

ILLINOIS.

THE LEGISLATIVE SESSION.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 25.—The election of the forty-eighth since the General Assembly convened here in Springfield. It has done nothing yet, and as the indications point to a very uncertain future, a brief history will not be out of place. First, it should be stated, however, that the Senate has proceeded regularly with its business, and has devoted very little time to the consideration of unnecessary legislation. The House of Representatives, on the contrary, has done nothing. It is without doubt.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Trussell—Nothing. I have no power to treat you at all. The Directors are the general committee, the Bankers, the Senate, and that they had been invited to visit the Mayor's office.

They followed up their intent for a platoon of communists on their sail.

A general committee was formed, and the city officials were not replied to the Mayor's intention to do. Their fact was that the Mayor's character had been known, and soon found their whereabouts. One evening, a large crowd, if they appeared on the docked in the Water-

front, Mayor Colvin for Mr. H. King, who had sent them to see the Mayor both reasoned over how to effect a change for, whose doing no good, and that he would not receive satisfaction at all, if he did not do his best to receive an answer. But if calling on the Mayor, and other officials, to explain, they make much progress. As such, the officials referred to the Mayor, and as awaiting the return of the aid.

They had to wait for their exhibited any violence, effective in subduing their own interests, too.

On the 25th, the Mayor, and the rest of the Communists, who had carried on a peaceful and dignified public nature and its irreducible Communists, in a speech that fully justified their action, and addressed them. He condemned them by the Mayor, and described the situation, and the steps to be taken for the return of the aid.

Nothing more was heard of the Communists at the City-Hall until late in the afternoon, when a note arrived at the Mayor's office from Capt. Baggio, asking if it was authorized by the Mayor.

It was, and Baggio, and his men, who had been released, and must be saved to bring the end. "Bummen," however, was the

TERMS OF THE TRIBUNE.

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Good arrangements made with each.

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Cottage Madison and Dearborn—Chicago, Ill.

TO-DAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Visited, between Mad-
ison and Monroe. Engagement of Frank Channing,
the Comedian.

MYVICK'S THEATRE.—Madison street, between
Dearborn and Monroe. Engagements of Charlotte Cushman,
"Dimples" Co., and "Queen Katharine."

ADELPHI THEATRE.—Dearborn street, corner Mar-
ket. Various entertainments.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—Dearborn street, between Dear-
born and Madison. "Lady and the Musician." "From
Prov."

WOOLLEY'S THEATRE.—Randolph street, between Clark and LaSalle. "Don" and "Jenny Lind."

CHICAGO MUSEUM.—Montgomery street, between Dear-
born and State. "Never Too Late to Mend." Afternoons
and evenings.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

HOW SHILDON WE SEE A SPLendid HEAD OF
HARVEST.—From a recent, excessive libel, or neglect,
those who have had Wilson's success, from directions of several prominent gentlemen, in purchasing their
crop, and in getting it to market, are to be congratulated,
as its effects in long compass, as a very won-
derful, and will be taken the clear off for a time
without much effort, have been, however, easily
overcome by the general want of
Wilson, Ursula, Boston, said by all
druggists.

GLEN FLORA.
WAURBURN, Ill., Nov. 2, 1874.
As a sensitive, delicate, and refined plant—
The Glen Flora Spring Water is superior to
any other water which we have any knowledge of
to the taste, and to the health, and to the suffering from
chronic diseases, in which the above properties are in-
valuable. It is a pure, clear, and delicious water,
which will remove the effects of the water upon ourselves
and our families.

M. SHIGART, M. D. P. ROESEL, M. D.
M. EVANS, M. D. J. H. COOK, M. D.
A. BROWNE, M. D. AARON LEWIS, M. D.

The Chicago Tribune.

Friday Morning, February 28, 1875.

A scheme for the redivision of Illinois and Indiana is soon to be brought up in the Legislature of the latter State. The idea is, so far as it has taken shape, to unite the northern and southern parts of the two States. Exactly where the division-line would be drawn, the orators affirm not. Doubtless it would be twixt Tweedie-land and Tweedie-ville.

Mr. DAVER, as is said, canvassed the Senate yesterday in behalf of the new Tax bill. He implored Senators to reject all amendments, and said any change in the bill which would require it to be again acted upon by the House would probably be fatal. We should like to see the amendment that would stomp the whisky-ring and the protective-tariff people. Nothing short of a proposition to revise the income tax would quiet that crowd.

It is something to have a place in history; and the Illinois Legislature now in Springfield will certainly be so far blessed. The narrative will run: "The Lower House of the Legislature which assembled in the winter of 1875 was the worst ever known in the State. Its conduct, tried by all political standards, was foolish and shameful," and so on. But probably the historian will consider Speaker HADEN and Tom MIZERRIT not worth mentioning.

A careful and, as we believe, conscientious review of the Legislative session at Springfield up to the forty-eighth day will be found this morning in the department of State affairs. Our correspondent gives it as his deliberate conviction that the Lower House of the Legislature is the worst that ever assembled in Illinois. In support of his position he cites many pertinent facts. Every man who helped to give the Democrats a chance this winter ought to read the letter of our correspondent and learn how the opportunity has been improved.

Dr. DA KORN's friends will learn this morning with some surprise, though certainly without great distress, that the Standing Committee of the Diocese of Indiana has voted against the confirmation of his election to the Illinois Bishopric. Indiana was connived, we believe, as one of the doubtful States; and much cannot be predicated on the vot. of its Standing Committee. At the same time, it is too much to say that the news will not be disappointing to some of the more sanguine Dr. KORN's people.

When the Eads jetty bill comes up in the Senate, it will probably be amended in important particulars, so that its final passage is now exceedingly doubtful. The proposition is to reduce the gross compensation from \$3,000,000 to \$2,500,000; to designate the South Pass instead of the Southwest Pass as the place for building the jeties, and to give the War Department direction of the work. The bill thus amended would not, in all probability, be acceptable to Capt. Eads, even if it could be got through the House again.

CAESAR CUNNINGHAM officially advised President GRANT yesterday that the Virginians question has been finally adjusted on the basis of \$400 indemnity for each person killed. The action of our Government throughout this miserable affair must have commended itself to the good sense of every intelligent American. If the President had allowed himself to be swayed by popular clamor, we might be at this day embroiled in a war with Spain. Such a position would be only profitable or pleasant to the contractors who might get their arms into the National strong-box.

Gen. TAZOR's attack upon Mr. BOWER in his opening speech for the defense in the Bunker case was something of a surprise to Mr. TAZOR's lawyers, as it will be also, we suppose, to the public at large. Neither side, before yesterday, had ventured to impeach Bower's reputation. He has been commonly regarded as being in the position of a powder-magazine, chock-full of ammunition, and only waiting to be touched off. Gen. TAZOR's inflammatory action therefore appears to be toolbarly, if it is not intended to prepare for and anticipate the effects of an explosion which he considers inevitable.

The Chicago produce markets were irregular yesterday, with less doing. Mess pork was in fair demand, and \$6.10 per hundred, closing at \$18.15 cash, and \$18.45 for April. Lard was less active, and 7.10 per cent higher, closing at \$18.35

cash, and \$18.47 1-2 for April. Meats were steady, and a shade firmer, at 6.10c for shoulder, 9.10c for short ribs, and 9.3-4c for short clears. Dressed hogs were dull and expensive, closing at \$7.50-7.80 per 100 lbs. Higginson were more active and steadier, at \$1.05 per gallon. Flour was quiet and steady. Wheat was less active and 1-10c lower, closing at \$4.12-13 cash, and \$6c for April. Corn was quiet and 1-10c lower, closing at \$5.3-4c for March, and 7c for May. Oats were quiet and steady, closing at 55c for March. Barley was dull and easier, at \$9.80-11.20. Barley was quiet and 1-10c higher, closing at \$1.10 for March, and 7c for April. Hogs were moderately active at a slight advance in light weights and a decline of 10c in heavy. Cattle were quiet and easy. Sheep were dull and 25c-30c lower.

The Hon. TOM MIZERRIT, Democratic leader in the Illinois House of Representatives, is becoming a conspicuous nuisance and an offense to the people. He ought to be tried up. Yesterday he rose to a question of privilege in the House and made a personal attack, as gross and indecent as it was stupid, upon a newspaper correspondent. MIZERRIT is author, it will be remembered, of the brilliant apothegm, that the Democrats were not sent to Springfield this winter to do anything, but to examine what had been done. The offense of the newspaper correspondent lay in not giving an extended report of the speech in which MIZERRIT enunciated this new gospel.

Honest Democrats will be delighted to learn that the State-House investigation, lately begun at Springfield with a great blowing of gun-horns, has abruptly ended. The bill appropriating \$800,000 for the completion of the work has been reported back from Committee by a unanimous vote, and the investigation has been quietly ignored, both by the Republican and the Democratic members. This is one of the matters, we suppose, that Mr. MIZERRIT considers the Democrats were elected to examine; if so, they have but half performed their duty. Let us know, Messrs. Democrats, how honest the Republican Administration have been. Do not keep back the truth for fear of hurting your party.

The failure of the Illinois House to act on the Interest bill which passed the Senate by an unanimous vote a fortnight ago, is evidently interfering with the loan market throughout the State. Our revenue laws deprive the people of much of the capital they need by levying a tax of 3 or 4 per cent on the lender, which has to be paid by the borrower, and therefore discouraging the saving of money for investment. Besides this, the ambiguity in the usury law, due wholly to the inadvertence of the compiler, as they themselves say, is now limiting the supply of loans to the scanty stock of unused money owned in Illinois. Of course, the diminished supply sends up the rate of interest.

The bill now before the House simply corrects the mistake of the compilers of the Revised Statutes. It should be passed forthwith.

We trust the Legislature will pass the bill introduced providing for an increase of Judges in the Superior Court of Cook County according to population, as authorized by the Constitution.

The bill provides that one Judge shall be added for every 50,000 inhabitants over, and above 400,000 in Cook County, as ascertained from the census, either State or National. This would only give us one more judge for the present, as we have more than 450,000 inhabitants but less than 500,000, and we shall not have even this one until after the taking of a census. The value of the bill, however, consists in the fact that, thereafter, there will be a regular system for increasing the Judges as they shall become necessary. The only question is, whether the proposed increase is sufficiently large to warrant our courts of the serious pressure of business which they now suffer, but it is all the Constitution permits.

The only hope for the final defeat of the infamous tax-grabbing, whisky-ring bill passed by the House is that the difference of opinion among Senators as to the minor features of the bill will so delay the measure that there will be no time for an agreement between the two Houses. But even this hope is frail and dubious. If the differences said to exist about tea and coffee, matches, medicines, perfumery, bank-checks, etc., should postpone the passage of the bill in the Senate even to the last moment, there will then be a frantic rush from all sides to compromise, and some measure will be adopted which shall certainly contain the 10 per cent of the tariff on tobacco and the whisky-tax.

These new States had in 1870 a population as follows: New Mexico, 91,874; against 93,516 in 1860; and Colorado had 39,864, against 34,277 in 1860. It is proper, however, to say that between 1860 and 1870 a portion of New Mexico was attached to the Territory of Arizona. It is claimed that since 1870 the population of both Territories, especially Colorado, has largely increased. We suppose that New Mexico has about 100,000, and Colorado, perhaps 65,000. The vote of Colorado for Delegate to Congress last fall was 16,503, against 11,503 in 1870, which would indicate an increase of one-third, or 20,000 inhabitants, between 1870 and 1874.

The population required of an old State for a member of Congress is about 150,000; these new States, in addition to having a member of Congress each, will have two Senators each, and six votes for President.

We wish that the incorporation of mereborough States is an abuse which ought not to be tolerated, the creation of these two States is perhaps, but a fair offset to those which are permanently established at the East and South. Among the Eastern States are Vermont, New Hampshire, and Rhode Island, Delaware, and Florida. These five States have populations and Representatives as follows:

Population. Reps.
Delaware..... 117,746 1
Florida..... 118,300 1
New Hampshire..... 202,531 1
Vermont..... 211,361 1
Rhode Island..... 117,967 1

The State of Iowa, with 1,194,020 population, has 92 representatives. Iowa has 11 votes for President, and these five States with the sum of 511 votes for President, and some measure will be adopted which shall contain the 10 per cent of the tariff on tobacco and the whisky-tax.

The decision of the House of Representatives is in the monopoly, a dispatch may be sent from Paris to New York at 75 cents a word, that being the highest rate permitted under the French charter, while a dispatch to save there, the whole number of Representatives was increased to 229, leaving the ratio of population about 180,000. Even under this ratio Florida gets an extra member for a fraction of 25,000; New Hampshire, for a fraction of 55,000; Vermont, for a fraction of 70,000; and Rhode Island, for a fraction of 87,000. The effect of this uneven apportionment of Representatives is not so striking, so far as the House is concerned; but it is peculiarly severe in the Senate and in the Electoral College, where each of these little States is in the monopoly, and the destructive

aggressions of the Southern Slave-States men, who now find no obstacle in the way of their purposes. The old National-Sovereignty Whig party of the South was firmly devoted to the Union, and for years it opposed and rebuked the violent efforts of the Disunion Democracy to precipitate a collision between the North and the South. It is only necessary to mention the names of such men as HENRY CLAY, WILLIAM C. PRESTON, JOHN J. COTTRELL, KEN-
NETH RAYMOND, JOHN TALIAFERRO, JOHN MINON BROWN, THOMAS BUTLER KING, JAMES T. MOREHEAD, PARSON BROWNTON, MERRIT P. GENTER, SENATOR CLAYTON, and other leaders, to recall the eminent services rendered by this party to the country. When the War of Secession broke out, not one of them then alive went into it willingly, and most of them were forced in, those refusing to go in being made to suffer for it.

There is hope for the South in the restoration of this National Sovereignty party, to oppose the State-Rights Disunion party, and such an organization would also settle and harmonize all the southern States. There are no more bonds to be voted, no more grants and subsidies to be sold, no more debts to be created, no more offices to be held. These States have been squeezed dry. The opening of two new States offers opportunities which that class of politicians are not likely to overlook.

THE FIRST CAST UNDER THE GAG-LAW.
Feb. 19, 1874. ACCORDING to C. BULL, who was then the Washington correspondent of the St. Louis *Republican* and Detroit *Press*, wrote a dispatch to the *Press*, on the information of a Committee Clerk, in which he asserted that Senator STEELMAN had had to take CHANDLER out of the Senate account of the latter's "beastly intoxication." CHANDLER had the case brought before the Grand Jury of the District of Columbia, which indicted BULL for libel, under the law of Jan. 23, 1874, better known as the FOUL AND DRUNKEN "gag-law." The alleged libel, as it is now known, was that the negro vote would divide pretty equally between the two, and the negro would thus secure more perfect protection and safety in his right than he can have in a color-line organization or fighting alone as a third party, with no one to protect him. Both these letters contain ample material for consideration, and both ought to receive more than passing attention if there are men enough in the existing parties who can sink partisanship long enough to give any important question consideration.

WHO PAYS THE DUTY?

HOWARD MATHER, in speaking on the Tax bill just passed in the House, said he was in favor of retaining the clause adding 10 per cent to the tariff on all manufactured articles "because the foreign manufacturer paid the duty." It is difficult to conceive how a sane man of large public experience and sufficient intelligence to secure a seat in Congress can commit so egregious and absurd a blunder.

It is a fundamental principle of political economy, justified fully by the experience of all countries and ages, and really axiomatic in its nature, that the consumer always pays the tax. This applies equally to a tariff or an excise tax; if anything, more strictly and uniformly to the former than the latter. A home tax may possibly be borne in part by the producer, since the tax may be so large as to materially affect the amount of consumption, and he may be obliged to lower his price, by assuming a proportion of the tax, in order to dispose of his stock; still, this or to reduce the amount of production. But this rule could only apply to a foreign market in the almost impossible case of the consumption of its surplus products or manufacture by a single foreign nation; that is, in part of any particular product being sold at home or to any other foreign country. So far from this being the case in the relations of the United States to foreign markets, our average consumption of the whole line of imports does not exceed 8 or 10 per cent of the surplus commodities which other nations produce for sale. From some countries, such as Cuba, France, and England, we purchase a large per cent of their surplus exportable products, while from others, like Russia or Austria, we buy but very little; while from countries like Germany, France, and England, we purchase about 5 or 6 per cent of the first named, 8 or 10 of the second, and 14 or 16 of the latter; of their stock of products which are sold abroad. Hence we could only affect the price of foreign goods at the point of production, and deserves to follow them itself. It is said that as appeal will be taken to Circuit Judge PENNOCK by the defendant, who was accordingly arrested on a warrant issued by United States Commissioners CLARK. It was afterwards agreed that this should be made a test-case. The Commissioner herefore issued a formal order for the transfer of the prisoner to the Marshal of the District of Columbia. BULL's lawyer got a writ of habeas corpus from the United States District Court, Judge SAMUEL TRACY, who will therefore pass upon the constitutionality of the tax, in order to determine whether it is constitutional or unconstitutional.

This is the United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri celebrated his birthday by laying a bill of information against BULL. The latter was accordingly arrested on a warrant issued by United States Commissioners CLARK. It was afterwards agreed that this should be made a test-case. The Commissioner herefore issued a formal order for the transfer of the prisoner to the Marshal of the District of Columbia. BULL's lawyer got a writ of habeas corpus from the United States District Court, Judge SAMUEL TRACY, who will therefore pass upon the constitutionality of the tax, in order to determine whether it is constitutional or unconstitutional.

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a city as large as Chicago of an outbreak cases which the police force. With an ornate, and loyal regiments various nationalities we may always be in mob violence, and if it comes. The military companies should induce our troops in giving such a rapid completion of the work.

in the Legislature, much time in his hunt vagabond. Maxwells the first hunt for him, Maxwell started and music by the full of gone far before he the whole craft went away, and all. The bill charged upon the found to be good old. The steal under was found to be by the "Copper" so on MAXWELL's by JONES, of Jo action upon MAXWELL did not come of a sense of trying to can "steal," he would enough "to make us." The notice was issued, all the Re music ceased, and the noise. Thus ended

Reformers to expose abuses. In such an a martyr, and perhaps to be the martyr that this farce is over, in his bancombe and at, then let the Senate that there is cause for him send the Reform

passes Mr. BOYD's or some other retaining actions to the examinations banking institutions or state law. It will be much my law whatever. It had matter worse to these banking institutions to bring out a their actual condition. stever on the savings, as prudent people will disgruntled, and take some themselves as security of their deposits. On other hand, that a law this law fails to afford people ought to have, it remains of deceiving the working classes, and law of savings banks out of existence. It goes under false pretense. State will be made a rigid system of in. The sound and well should insist on the will be BOYD's.

HUMAN LIFE

that Justice SCULLY lightly the shooting-al-

at a West Side theatre. A fellow named BARNETT, half drunk," occupied the rear of the orchestra, as it was at the moment he was shot. He gathered them in.

shortly after, Barnet fired. The ball hit in front of him, struck a moment before the head of the leader and lodger in the piano.

BARNETT was arrested, sort of madman condition, but he wasn't so cloudy a hit." Wednesday morning up before Justice SCULLY, as it was at the time. The man, who was accused in the Bodily, half-murder of some of stranger's self to be persuaded to thirty days in the Prison off this term, as we usually the regular Brownell. The net result or the problem is that only costs \$11 to shooting into a crowd in one particular person in it. Some people will not of judicial encouragement of carrying concealed away at a crowd whenever likely in him to enjoy that

the duty of Justice SCULLY for trial before the Criminal or an assault with a intent to kill. When he "he wasn't so bloody part he made a declaration of he held him for man-killed anybody. The fact somebody was purely accidental a fine likely to kill someone the purpose of killing some as he professed, not car-

There is not a country where an offense of ours to the safety of the net have been visited upon. The man, who is to be tried for his original judgment, which the magnitude of the offense

now G. SULLIVAN sit upon and deliberately give judgment poor, silly sista. the court? They are certainly blamed for their ridiculous against the laws of the as they combat the laws consequences. The last demand lower than ever. The end upon a piece of red men, and sold it for tax.

A Gladiator like the sale of land, he now should have levied upon of the cities. The case called to Judge SCHWAN, son Pleas, who reversed the case, and held that the prosector was lawful. The poor cows and gained nothing of the suffrage sisterhood loses her land, and be a pity and division. If this

is one of the results of the policy of seizing the property by violence, it is not a very encouraging one.

PERSONAL.

ALFONSO's birthday present to ISABELLA was a pair of doves.

JANASCHKE and troops arrived yesterday at the Sherman House.

Mrs. TILTON has Scripture on her side, inasmuch as it reads, "As you so, so shall you reap."

CATAZAY is hunting bousines in Mexico. The beasts have got scarce lately, he finds, and threaten soon to become extinct.

Lying and stealing seem to be always in order on two subjects—the weight of the baby, and the first untruth that comes ready.

No wonder the Sultan of Turkey is called "The Turk of Europe." He has 700 wives—enough to make him the richest.

It is not generally known that Mrs. C. F. MARSH, of Holley's theatre, is the once famous Clara Potts of the English stage.

The day for the installation of the Prince of Wales is fixed for April 22. Would not the 1st of April have been more appropriate?

"I," says the New York *Herald*, "it was a pure lie, it cannot hurt the testimony; if it was untrue, it cannot help Mr. BREWER."

Our exchanges are worrying themselves now about KALAKAUA and wonder how he dodges his wife's cross-examination. Why not vero vero.

Any gentleman wanting to start a daily magazine of 100 pages or more can and plenty of material in the waste-basket of THE TRIBUNE.

On Saturday evening ex-Vice-President WILCOX will lecture in Bloomington on "ARMED LINCOLN" for the benefit of the Odd Fellows of that city.

Brother HAMMOND is familiarly addressed by the California miners as "Old Paul" and is in due distress to learn what they mean by it.—Ex-change.

This is the form in which they say the dispatch first came: "Emperor of China dead; Prince Kung will be Regent; head physician of the Court despatched."

Little FLOR wants to exchange his spangled han for a sailing vessel, because she only lays one eye at a time, while the ship can be made to lay at any time.

DANIEL MARXIN, of Bealeton, Ala., aged 76 years, was recently married to a little girl of 13 years, resident of Jasper, Tenn. The cold snap was too much for him.

Mr. E. H. JAQUET, Chief Clerk of the General Ticket Agent's Office of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad, is suffering severely from peritonitis of the feet.

PAULINE LUCAS was supposed to have made a mark already on the lyceum stage; but the manager of the Ducal Theatre, Brunswick, offers her 5,000 of them to sing in "Africaans."

WILHELM WINTER, of the New York *Trubune*, is the guess of JOE JEFFERSON, and is enjoying the luxury of a winter on his plantation. His failing health made a trip South a necessity.

Lizzie THOMPSON is sick. An exchange says she has been compelled to give up acting altogether. This would be something like the Woodstock's forewarning respectability.

PROF. C. A. YOUNG, of Dartmouth College, passed through the city yesterday on his way home from Peking, China, where he made some successful observations of the transit of Venus.

Mr. COOPER, of the Civil Rights Bill for the repeal of the twenty-second joint rule and proposed by Mr. BOYD, and introduced by Mr. Vice-President until 9 o'clock this evening, and it was to be expected that the Democrats would endeavor to defeat a bill which proposes to grant some great power which would be used to interfere with the South. The bill was accordingly set aside to prevent prolonging the debate, but for the purpose of defeating Morton's proposition, and to give the Civil Rights bill a chance. In that they were successful, and the Republicans, who were determined to have a bill, will now be able to introduce a bill of their own.

Mr. BOYD moved to adjudge it admitted that Morton's bill contained very wise provisions. The bill provided for the protection of the white men in the South, and of the colored men, who were to be protected by a single object in either House, and provides that no State can be disfranchised without the joint resolution of both Houses. The Democrats, however, were obliged to admit that Morton's bill cut out the source night, about 9 o'clock concluded to vote when the bill was passed.

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TWO CAUSES FOR THE DEAD-LOCK.—The inability in the House to compel members to present to vote, and the absence of a quorum of the Republican members. There were enough Republicans to elect, but they had no sufficient interest in the pending measure, or were too fond of taking their ease at their home, to surrender themselves to the fatigues of a night's session. The new rule was found not to be applicable to the question of the motions that were made. The motion to adjourn, and to adjourn to a day certain, were, perchance, of the new rule, abandoned, but was read to be equally efficient dilatory motions. The Democrats present declined to vote. The discussion was adjourned. A call for the House to meet, when the bill was read, and a quorum was obtained. This prevented a call of the House, and the process was again repeated. There were

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